HLMP-CWxx

T-1³/₄ Precision Optical Performance White LED Lamps

Data Sheet

HLMP-CW15, HLMP-CW16, HLMP-CW23, HLMP-CW24, HLMP-CW30, HLMP-CW31, HLMP-CW70, HLMP-CW72





Description

These high intensity white LED lamps are based on InGaN material technology. A blue LED die is coated by a phosphor to produce white. The typical resulting color is described by the coordinates x = 0.32, y = 0.32 using the 1931 CIE Chromaticity Diagram.

These T-1^{3/4} lamps are untinted, nondiffused, and incorporate precise optics producing well defined spatial radiation patterns at specific viewing cone angle.

Features

- Highly luminous white emission
- 15° , 23° , 30° , and 70° viewing angle

Applications

- Electronic signs and signals
- Small area illumination
- Legend backlighting
- · General purpose indicators

Benefit

• Reduced power consumption, higher reliability, and increased optical/mechanical design flexibility compared to incandescent bulbs and other alternative white light sources

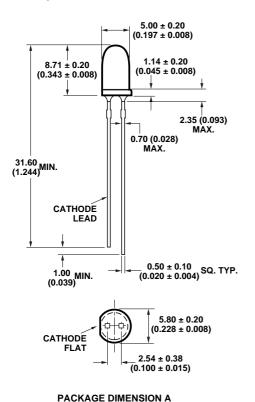
CAUTION: These devices are Class 1C ESD sensitive. Please observe appropriate precautions during handling and processing. Refer to Avago Technologies Application Note AN-1142 for additional details.

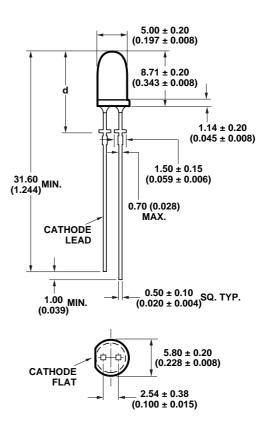
Device Selection Guide

| | Viewing Angle | Min. Luminous Intensity Iv (mcd) @ 20 mA | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------|---|-------|----------------|-------------------|
| Part Number | Viewing Angle Typ. | Min. | Max. | Standoff Leads | Package Dimension |
| HLMP-CW15-TW0xx | 15° | 2500 | 7200 | No | A |
| HLMP-CW15-TW0xx | 15° | 2500 | 7200 | No | Α |
| HLMP-CW15-UV0xx | 15° | 3200 | 5500 | No | Α |
| HLMP-CW15-VWBxx | 15° | 4200 | 7200 | No | Α |
| HLMP-CW15-VY0xx | 15° | 4200 | 12000 | No | Α |
| HLMP-CW15-VYBxx | 15° | 4200 | 12000 | No | A |
| HLMP-CW15-VYGxx | 15° | 4200 | 12000 | No | A |
| HLMP-CW15-VYKxx | 15° | 4200 | 12000 | No | A |
| HLMP-CW16-R00xx | 15° | 1500 | - | Yes | В |
| HLMP-CW16-TW0xx | 15° | 2500 | 7200 | Yes | В |
| HLMP-CW16-VY0xx | 15° | 4200 | 12000 | Yes | В |
| HLMP-CW23-SV0xx | 23° | 1900 | 5500 | No | A |
| HLMP-CW23-SVKxx | 23° | 1900 | 5500 | No | A |
| HLMP-CW23-TW0xx | 23° | 2500 | 7200 | No | A |
| HLMP-CW24-SV0xx | 23° | 1900 | 5500 | Yes | В |
| HLMP-CW24-TW0xx | 23° | 2500 | 7200 | Yes | В |
| HLMP-CW30-PS0xx | 30° | 880 | 2500 | No | A |
| HLMP-CW30-RU0xx | 30° | 1500 | 4200 | No | A |
| HLMP-CW30-STBxx | 30° | 1900 | 3200 | No | A |
| HLMP-CW30-SV0xx | 30° | 1900 | 5500 | No | A |
| HLMP-CW31-M00xx | 30° | 520 | - | Yes | В |
| HLMP-CW31-PS0xx | 30° | 880 | 2500 | Yes | В |
| HLMP-CW31-SV0xx | 30° | 1900 | 5500 | Yes | В |
| HLMP-CW70-LMBxx | 70° | 400 | 680 | No | A |
| HLMP-CW70-LP0xx | 70° | 400 | 1150 | No | A |
| HLMP-CW72-LP0xx | 70° | 400 | 1150 | Yes | В |

Tolerance for each intensity limit is $\pm 15\%$.

Package Dimensions



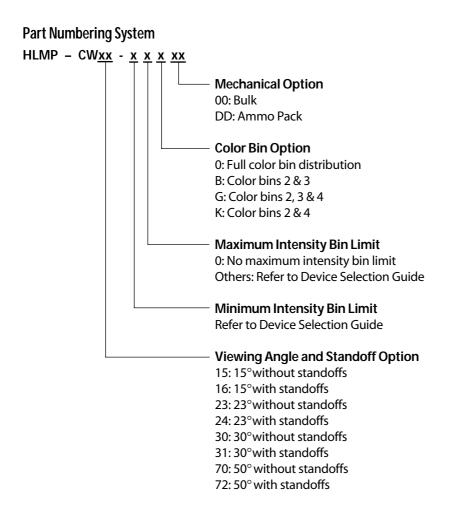


PACKAGE DIMENSION B

NOTES:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).
- 2. EPOXY MENISCUS MAY EXTEND ABOUT 1 mm (0.040") DOWN THE LEADS.

| HLMP-CW16 | HLMP-CW24 | HLMP-CW31 | HLMP-CW72 |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | d = 12.52 ± 0.25 (0.493 ± 0.010) | | |



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

| IA = 25 C | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------|
| Parameter | Value | Units |
| DC Forward Current ^[1] | 30 | mA |
| Peak Forward Current ^[2] | 100 | mA |
| Power Dissipation | 111 | mW |
| Reverse Voltage ($I_R = 10 \mu A$) | 5 | V |
| LED Junction Temperature | 110 | °C |
| Operating Temperature Range | -40 to +80 | ٥C |
| Storage Temperature Range | -40 to +100 | ٥C |
| | | |

Notes:

1. Derate linearly as shown in Figure 5.

2. Duty factor 10%, 1 kHz.

Electrical Characteristics

T_A = 25℃

| | d Voltage, ? I _F = 20 mA | Reverse Breakdown, V _R (V) @ I _R = 10 μA | Capacitance, C (pF), V _F = 0, f = 1 MHz | Thermal Resistance R 0 J-PIN (°C/W) |
|------|--|---|---|---|
| Тур. | Max. | Min. | Тур. | Тур. |
| 3.2 | 3.7 | 5 | 70 | 240 |

Optical Characteristics

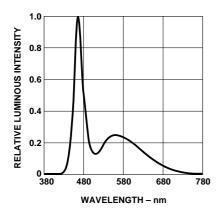
. T_A = 25℃

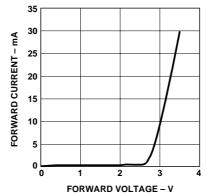
| | Typical Cl Coordina | nromaticity tes ^[1] | Viewing Angle 2 0 1/2 Degrees ^[2] |
|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Part Number | Х | Y | Тур. |
| HLMP-CW3x-xxxxx | 0.32 | 0.32 | 30 |
| HLMP-CW2x-xxxxx | 0.32 | 0.32 | 23 |
| HLMP-CW1x-xxxxx | 0.32 | 0.32 | 15 |
| HLMP-CW7x-xxxxx | 0.32 | 0.32 | 50 |

Notes:

1. The chromaticity coordinates are derived from the CIE 1931 Chromaticity Diagram and represent the perceived color of the device.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle where the luminous intensity is 1/2 the peak intensity.





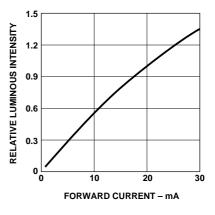
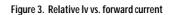
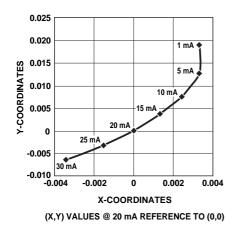
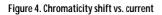




Figure 2. Forward current vs. forward voltage







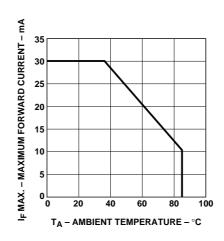


Figure 5. Maximum forward current vs. temperature

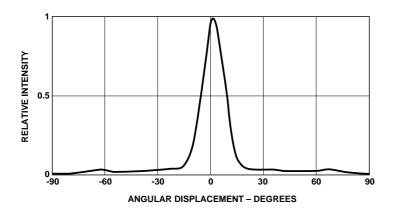


Figure 6a. CW1x spatial radiation pattern

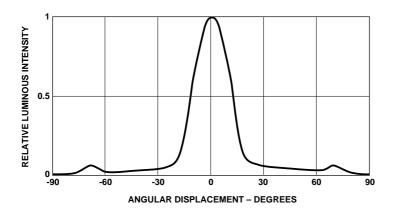


Figure 6b. CW2x spatial radiation pattern

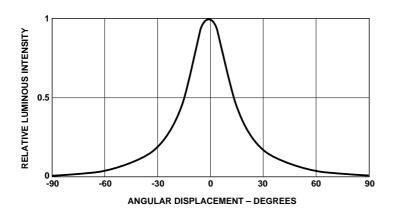


Figure 6c. CW3x spatial radiation pattern

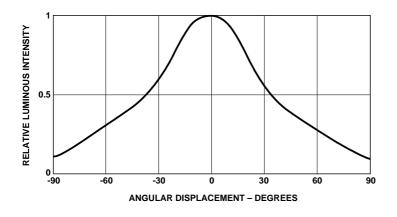


Figure 6c. CW7x spatial radiation pattern

Intensity Bin Limits (mcd at 20 mA)

| (mcd at 20 mA) | | | | |
|----------------|-------|-------|--|--|
| Bin | Min. | Max. | | |
| L | 400 | 520 | | |
| М | 520 | 680 | | |
| N | 680 | 880 | | |
| Р | 880 | 1150 | | |
| Q | 1150 | 1500 | | |
| R | 1500 | 1900 | | |
| S | 1900 | 2500 | | |
| Т | 2500 | 3200 | | |
| U | 3200 | 4200 | | |
| V | 4200 | 5500 | | |
| W | 5500 | 7200 | | |
| Х | 7200 | 9300 | | |
| Y | 9300 | 12000 | | |
| Z | 12000 | 16000 | | |
| | | | | |

Color Bin Limit Table

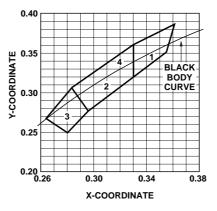
| Rank | Limits | (Chromatici | ty Coordina | ates) | | |
|------|--------|-------------|-------------|-------|-------|--|
| 1 | х | 0.330 | 0.330 | 0.356 | 0.361 | |
| | у | 0.360 | 0.318 | 0.351 | 0.385 | |
| 2 | х | 0.287 | 0.296 | 0.330 | 0.330 | |
| | у | 0.295 | 0.276 | 0.318 | 0.339 | |
| 3 | х | 0.264 | 0.280 | 0.296 | 0.283 | |
| | у | 0.267 | 0.248 | 0.276 | 0.305 | |
| 4 | х | 0.283 | 0.287 | 0.330 | 0.330 | |
| | у | 0.305 | 0.295 | 0.339 | 0.360 | |

Tolerance for each bin limit is \pm 0.01.

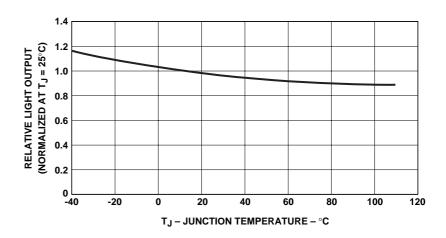
Note:

Bin categories are established for classification of products. Products may not be available in all bin categories. Please contact your Avago representative for information on currently available bins.

Color Bin Limits with Respect to CIE 1931 Chromaticity Diagram



Relative Light Output vs. Junction Temperature



Tolerance for each bin limit is \pm 15%.

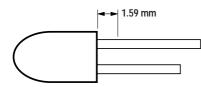
Precautions:

Lead Forming

- The leads of an LED lamp may be preformed or cut to length prior to insertion and soldering into PC board.
- If lead forming is required before soldering, care must be taken to avoid any excessive mechanical stress induced into the LED package. Otherwise, cut the leads of LED to length after soldering process at room temperature. The solder joint formed will absorb the mechanical stress of the lead cutting from traveling to the LED chip die attach and wirebond.
- For better control, it is recommended to use proper tool to precisely form and cut the leads to applicable length rather than doing it manually.

Soldering Conditions

- Care must be taken during PCB assembly and soldering process to prevent damage to the LED component.
- The closest manual soldering distance of the soldering heat source (soldering iron's tip) to the body is 1.59 mm. Soldering the LED closer than 1.59 mm might damage the LED.



• Recommended soldering conditions:

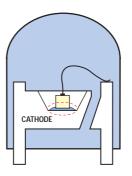
| | Wave Soldering | Manual Solder Dipping |
|----------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Pre-heat Temperature | 105 ℃ Max. | - |
| Pre-heat Time | 30 sec Max. | _ |
| Peak Temperature | 250 ℃ Max. | 260 ℃ Max. |
| Dwell Time | 3 sec Max. | 5 sec Max. |

 Wave soldering parameter must be set and maintained according to recommended temperature and dwell time in the solder wave. Customer is advised to daily check on the soldering profile to ensure that the soldering profile is always conforming to recommended soldering condition.

Notes:

 PCB with different size and design (component density) will have different head mass (heat capacity). This might cause a change in temperature experienced by the board if same wave soldering setting is used. So, it is recommended to recalibrate the soldering profile again before loading a new type of PCB. 2. Avago Technologies' high brightness LED are using high efficiency LED die with single wire bond as shown below. Customer is advised to take extra precaution during wave soldering to ensure that the maximum wave temperature is not exceeding 250°C. Overstressing the LED during soldering process might cause premature failure to the LED due to delamination.

Avago Technologies LED Configuration



InGaN Device

Note: Electrical connection between bottom surface of LED die and the lead frame material through conductive paste of solder.

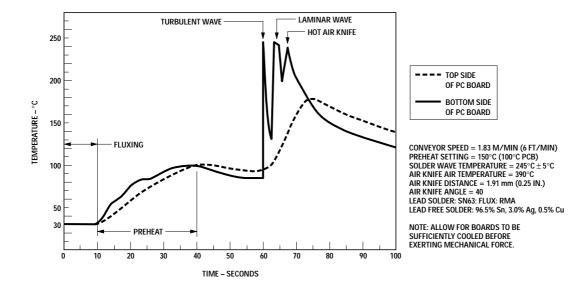
- If necessary, use fixture to hold the LED component in proper orientation with respect to the PCB during soldering process.
- At elevated temperature, the LED is more susceptible to mechanical stress. Therefore, PCB must be allowed to cool down to room temperature prior to handling, which includes removal of jigs, fixtures or pallet.
- Special attention must be given to board fabrication, solder masking, surface plating and lead holes size and component orientation to assure solderability.
- Recommended PC board plated through hole sizes for LED component leads:

| LED Component | Plated Through | |
|----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| Lead Size | Diagonal | Hole Diameter |
| 0.457 x 0.457 mm | 0.646 mm | 0.976 to 1.078 mm |
| (0.018 x 0.018 inch) | (0.025 inch) | (0.038 to 0.042 inch) |
| 0.508 x 0.508 mm | 0.718 mm | 1.049 to 1.150 mm |
| (0.020 x 0.020 inch) | (0.028 inch) | (0.041 to 0.045 inch) |

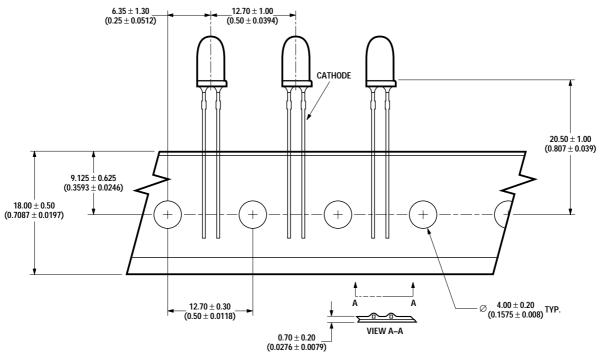
 Over sizing of plated through hole can lead to twisting or improper LED placement during auto insertion. Under sizing plated through hole can lead to mechanical stress on the epoxy lens during clinching.

Note: Refer to Application Note AN1027 for more information on soldering LED components.

Recommended Wave Soldering Profile

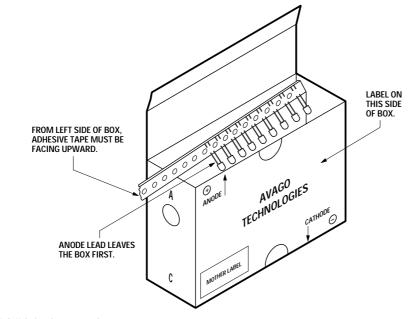


Ammo Packs Drawing



ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).

Packaging Box Ammo Packs



Note: For InGaN device, the ammo pack packaging box contains ESD logo.

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